Appendix

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2 Population Estimates by State, 1987
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4 Enrollment in Secondary Schools by State, 1980–81 to 1983–84
5 Enrollment in Federal Universities by State, 1980–81 to 1984–85
6 Medical Personnel and Facilities, 1985
7 Federal Government Budget, 1986–90
8 Labor Force by Sector, 1983
9 Gross Domestic Product by Sector, 1986–88
10 Balance of Payments, 1984–88
11 Production of Major Agricultural Commodities, 1985–88
12 Major Imports, 1985–88
13 Major Exports, 1984–88
14 Major Trading Partners, 1985–88
15 Crude Petroleum Production, Selected Years, 1967–89
16 Revised Transition Timetable, 1987–92
17 Major Army Equipment, 1990
18 Major Navy Equipment, 1990
19 Major Air Force Equipment, 1990
20 Arms Imports by Supplier, 1978–87
### Table 1. Metric Conversion Coefficients and Factors

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>When you know</th>
<th>Multiply by</th>
<th>To find</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Millimeters</td>
<td>0.04</td>
<td>inches</td>
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<tr>
<td>Centimeters</td>
<td>0.39</td>
<td>inches</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meters</td>
<td>3.3</td>
<td>feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kilometers</td>
<td>0.62</td>
<td>miles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hectares (10,000 m²)</td>
<td>2.47</td>
<td>acres</td>
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<tr>
<td>Square kilometers</td>
<td>0.39</td>
<td>square miles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cubic meters</td>
<td>35.3</td>
<td>cubic feet</td>
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<tr>
<td>Liters</td>
<td>0.26</td>
<td>gallons</td>
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<tr>
<td>Kilograms</td>
<td>2.2</td>
<td>pounds</td>
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<tr>
<td>Metric tons</td>
<td>0.98</td>
<td>long tons</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<td>short tons</td>
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<tr>
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<td>2,204</td>
<td>pounds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Degrees Celsius (Centigrade)</td>
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<td>degrees Fahrenheit</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>divide by 5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>and add 32</td>
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</tr>
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### Table 2. Population Estimates by State, 1987

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<th>Population</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Population</th>
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<tr>
<td>Akwa Ibom</td>
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<td>Kwara</td>
<td>3,400,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anambra</td>
<td>7,200,000</td>
<td>Lagos</td>
<td>4,100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bauchi</td>
<td>4,800,000</td>
<td>Niger</td>
<td>2,200,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bendel</td>
<td>4,900,000</td>
<td>Ogun</td>
<td>3,100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benue</td>
<td>4,800,000</td>
<td>Ondo</td>
<td>5,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borno</td>
<td>6,000,000</td>
<td>Oyo</td>
<td>10,400,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cross River</td>
<td>1,900,000</td>
<td>Plateau</td>
<td>4,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gongola</td>
<td>5,200,000</td>
<td>Rivers</td>
<td>3,400,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Imo</td>
<td>7,300,000</td>
<td>Sokoto</td>
<td>9,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kaduna</td>
<td>3,300,000</td>
<td>Federal Capital</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kano</td>
<td>11,500,000</td>
<td>Territory (Abuja)</td>
<td>300,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Katsina</td>
<td>4,900,000</td>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>112,300,000</td>
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### Table 3. Enrollment, Number of Schools, and Number of Teachers in Public Primary Schools by State, 1983–84 to 1985–86

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Total Enrollment</td>
<td>Number of Schools</td>
<td>Number of Teachers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anambra</td>
<td>838,470</td>
<td>2,084</td>
<td>34,267</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bauchi</td>
<td>326,472</td>
<td>1,830</td>
<td>8,542</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bendel</td>
<td>927,708</td>
<td>1,736</td>
<td>36,860</td>
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<tr>
<td>Benue</td>
<td>953,568</td>
<td>2,700</td>
<td>28,943</td>
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<tr>
<td>Borno</td>
<td>445,999</td>
<td>2,090</td>
<td>8,137</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cross River</td>
<td>872,370</td>
<td>1,660</td>
<td>24,833</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gongola</td>
<td>518,369</td>
<td>1,857</td>
<td>11,899</td>
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<tr>
<td>Imo</td>
<td>793,867</td>
<td>2,011</td>
<td>27,562</td>
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<tr>
<td>Kaduna</td>
<td>1,134,475</td>
<td>2,885</td>
<td>30,099</td>
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<td>Kwara</td>
<td>865,972</td>
<td>1,305</td>
<td>17,944</td>
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<td>Lagos</td>
<td>692,528</td>
<td>967</td>
<td>14,944</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Niger</td>
<td>462,074</td>
<td>1,164</td>
<td>10,034</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ogun</td>
<td>443,168</td>
<td>1,288</td>
<td>12,856</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ondo</td>
<td>693,997</td>
<td>1,627</td>
<td>22,294</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oyo</td>
<td>2,070,362</td>
<td>1,907</td>
<td>32,987</td>
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<tr>
<td>Plateau</td>
<td>324,299</td>
<td>1,687</td>
<td>15,656</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rivers</td>
<td>369,363</td>
<td>1,119</td>
<td>14,449</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sokoto</td>
<td>703,777</td>
<td>4,038</td>
<td>18,482</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Federal Capital Territory (Abuja)</td>
<td>45,155</td>
<td>198</td>
<td>1,865</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TOTAL | 14,378,271 | 37,216 | 390,790 | 13,372,446 | 35,188 | 235,499 | 8,571,483 | 28,562 | 173,572 |

n.a.—not available.  
1 Akwa Ibom and Katsina did not become states until September 1987 and are therefore not included.  
2 Provisional.  
3 1983–84 figure.  

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<tr>
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<th></th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Students</td>
<td>Percentage</td>
<td>Students</td>
<td>Percentage</td>
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<td>Anambra</td>
<td>153,378</td>
<td>7.7</td>
<td>250,611</td>
<td>9.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bauchi</td>
<td>18,007</td>
<td>0.9</td>
<td>25,989</td>
<td>1.0</td>
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<tr>
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<td>253,075</td>
<td>12.7</td>
<td>351,006</td>
<td>13.6</td>
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<tr>
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<td>75,261</td>
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<tr>
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<td>1.4</td>
<td>36,275</td>
<td>1.4</td>
</tr>
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<td>176,940</td>
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<td>151,182</td>
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<td>Gongola</td>
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<td>42,835</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Imo</td>
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<td>305,386</td>
<td>11.9</td>
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<td>2.5</td>
<td>55,153</td>
<td>2.1</td>
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<tr>
<td>Kano</td>
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<td>35,167</td>
<td>1.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kwara</td>
<td>34,333</td>
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<td>92,536</td>
<td>3.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lagos</td>
<td>165,563</td>
<td>8.3</td>
<td>191,309</td>
<td>7.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Niger</td>
<td>12,882</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>14,945</td>
<td>0.6</td>
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<td>Ogun</td>
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<td>5.5</td>
<td>136,232</td>
<td>5.3</td>
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<td>Ondo</td>
<td>178,309</td>
<td>9.0</td>
<td>258,549</td>
<td>10.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oyo</td>
<td>244,490</td>
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<td>373,266</td>
<td>14.5</td>
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<td>Plateau</td>
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<td>47,367</td>
<td>1.8</td>
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<tr>
<td>Rivers</td>
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<td>86,502</td>
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<td>Sokoto</td>
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<td>44,630</td>
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<td>0.0</td>
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<td>TOTAL (^3)</td>
<td>1,942,433</td>
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<td>2,575,968</td>
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</table>

n.a.—not available.

1 Akwa Ibom and Katsina did not become states until September 1987 and are therefore not included.

2 As published.

3 Percentages may not add to totals because of rounding.

### Table 5. Enrollment in Federal Universities by State, 1980-81 to 1984-85

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<tr>
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<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Anambra</td>
<td>10,290</td>
<td>11,838</td>
<td>12,139</td>
<td>12,193</td>
<td>12,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bauchi</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>263</td>
<td>512</td>
<td>595</td>
<td>700</td>
</tr>
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<td>Bendel</td>
<td>5,694</td>
<td>6,489</td>
<td>7,005</td>
<td>9,528</td>
<td>9,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benue</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>193</td>
<td>366</td>
<td>451</td>
<td>600</td>
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<td>Borno</td>
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<td>3,244</td>
<td>4,131</td>
<td>5,505</td>
<td>5,600</td>
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<td>Cross River</td>
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<td>3,687</td>
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<td>4,816</td>
<td>5,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Gongola</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>128</td>
<td>221</td>
<td>350</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Imo</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>224</td>
<td>364</td>
<td>565</td>
<td>600</td>
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<td>Kaduna</td>
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<td>12,586</td>
<td>14,029</td>
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<td>Kano</td>
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<td>2,861</td>
<td>3,376</td>
<td>3,777</td>
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<td>Kwara</td>
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<td>2,784</td>
<td>3,512</td>
<td>4,622</td>
<td>5,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lagos</td>
<td>12,365</td>
<td>12,757</td>
<td>9,891</td>
<td>10,800</td>
<td>11,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Niger</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>160</td>
<td>300</td>
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<td>Ogun</td>
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<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>236</td>
<td>350</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ondo</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>148</td>
<td>274</td>
<td>400</td>
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<tr>
<td>Oyo</td>
<td>17,855</td>
<td>21,095</td>
<td>22,454</td>
<td>24,007</td>
<td>24,000</td>
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<td>Plateau</td>
<td>3,047</td>
<td>3,933</td>
<td>4,798</td>
<td>4,983</td>
<td>5,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Rivers</td>
<td>1,754</td>
<td>2,428</td>
<td>2,916</td>
<td>3,302</td>
<td>3,500</td>
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<td>Sokoto</td>
<td>883</td>
<td>1,366</td>
<td>2,063</td>
<td>2,534</td>
<td>3,000</td>
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<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td>73,425</td>
<td>85,748</td>
<td>92,648</td>
<td>101,943</td>
<td>104,000</td>
</tr>
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</table>

1 Akwa Ibom and Katsina did not become states until September 1987 and are therefore not included.

2 As published.


### Table 6. Medical Personnel and Facilities, 1985

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Per 100,000 Population</th>
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<tr>
<td>Doctors</td>
<td>14,757</td>
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<tr>
<td>Nurses</td>
<td>45,976</td>
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<td>Midwives</td>
<td>39,137</td>
<td>40.5</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dentists</td>
<td>899</td>
<td>0.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hospital beds</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Federal</td>
<td>11,793</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>State</td>
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<tr>
<td>Local</td>
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<tr>
<td>Private</td>
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<td>n.a.</td>
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<td>Missions</td>
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<td>Community, corporation, and industrial</td>
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<td>n.a.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Joint public/private sector</td>
<td>1,279</td>
<td>n.a.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total hospital beds</strong></td>
<td>87,805</td>
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n.a.—not available.

### Table 7. Federal Government Budget, 1986–90
(in millions of naira)

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<th></th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Revenues</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Petroleum profits</td>
<td>8,108</td>
<td>19,027</td>
<td>20,934</td>
<td>22,521</td>
<td>38,627</td>
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<td>Other</td>
<td>4,194</td>
<td>6,072</td>
<td>6,377</td>
<td>6,893</td>
<td>9,138</td>
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<td><strong>Total revenues</strong></td>
<td>12,302</td>
<td>25,099</td>
<td>27,311</td>
<td>29,414</td>
<td>47,765</td>
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<td><strong>Expenditures</strong></td>
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<td></td>
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<td>Current</td>
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<td>15,646</td>
<td>19,409</td>
<td>21,235</td>
<td>27,208</td>
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<td>Capital</td>
<td>8,527</td>
<td>6,373</td>
<td>8,340</td>
<td>9,797</td>
<td>12,555</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total expenditures</strong></td>
<td>16,224</td>
<td>22,019</td>
<td>27,749</td>
<td>31,032</td>
<td>39,763</td>
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<td><strong>Allocations to state and local governments</strong></td>
<td>4,333</td>
<td>8,970</td>
<td>11,722</td>
<td>12,197</td>
<td>20,442</td>
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<td><strong>Adjustments</strong></td>
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<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
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<td><strong>Balance</strong></td>
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<td>-12,160</td>
<td>-13,815</td>
<td>-14,332</td>
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1 For value of the naira—see Glossary.
2 Provisional.
3 Projected.


### Table 8. Labor Force by Sector, 1983

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<th>Sector</th>
<th>Number (in thousands)</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
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<tr>
<td>Employed</td>
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<tr>
<td>Agriculture, forestry, and fishing</td>
<td>9,296</td>
<td>33.5</td>
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<td>Mining and quarrying</td>
<td>103</td>
<td>0.4</td>
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<tr>
<td>Manufacturing</td>
<td>1,343</td>
<td>4.8</td>
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<td>Utilities</td>
<td>318</td>
<td>1.1</td>
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<tr>
<td>Construction</td>
<td>909</td>
<td>3.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trade, hotels, and restaurants</td>
<td>6,534</td>
<td>23.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transportation, communications, and storage</td>
<td>1,123</td>
<td>4.1</td>
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<td>Finance, insurance, real estate, and business services</td>
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<td>0.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Community, social, and personal services</td>
<td>7,081</td>
<td>25.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>865</td>
<td>3.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total employed</strong></td>
<td>27,776</td>
<td>100.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unemployed</td>
<td>1,677</td>
<td>n.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td>29,453</td>
<td>n.a.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

n.a.—not applicable.

### Table 9. Gross Domestic Product by Sector, 1986–88  
(in billions of naira)  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sector</th>
<th>1986</th>
<th>1987</th>
<th>1988</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Agriculture, forestry, and fishing</td>
<td>31.2</td>
<td>31.9</td>
<td>32.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crude petroleum</td>
<td>11.4</td>
<td>10.2</td>
<td>11.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mining and quarrying</td>
<td>0.4</td>
<td>0.4</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manufacturing</td>
<td>7.3</td>
<td>7.7</td>
<td>8.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utilities</td>
<td>0.4</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Construction</td>
<td>1.3</td>
<td>1.1</td>
<td>1.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transportation</td>
<td>2.7</td>
<td>2.7</td>
<td>2.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Communications</td>
<td>0.2</td>
<td>0.2</td>
<td>0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wholesale and retail trade</td>
<td>12.1</td>
<td>13.6</td>
<td>14.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hotels and restaurants</td>
<td>0.7</td>
<td>0.7</td>
<td>0.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finance and insurance</td>
<td>2.4</td>
<td>2.6</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Real estate and business services</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Housing</td>
<td>1.9</td>
<td>1.9</td>
<td>2.0</td>
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<tr>
<td>Government services</td>
<td>5.0</td>
<td>5.0</td>
<td>5.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>0.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td>77.9</td>
<td>79.3</td>
<td>82.6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 At 1984 factor cost.  
2 For value of the naira—see Glossary.  
3 Figures may not add to total because of rounding.  

### Table 10. Balance of Payments, 1984-88
(in millions of United States dollars)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Exports</strong></td>
<td>11,827</td>
<td>13,369</td>
<td>6,599</td>
<td>7,702</td>
<td>7,419</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Imports</strong></td>
<td>8,844</td>
<td>7,634</td>
<td>4,063</td>
<td>4,178</td>
<td>5,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Trade balance</strong></td>
<td>2,983</td>
<td>5,735</td>
<td>2,536</td>
<td>3,524</td>
<td>2,419</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Invisibles (credit)</strong></td>
<td>489</td>
<td>403</td>
<td>344</td>
<td>276</td>
<td>380</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Invisibles (debit)</strong></td>
<td>-3,034</td>
<td>-3,254</td>
<td>-2,371</td>
<td>-3,845</td>
<td>-3,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net private transfers</strong></td>
<td>-299</td>
<td>-260</td>
<td>-131</td>
<td>-20</td>
<td>-34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net official transfers</strong></td>
<td>-26</td>
<td>-1</td>
<td>-5</td>
<td>-5</td>
<td>-22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Current account balance</strong></td>
<td>113</td>
<td>2,623</td>
<td>373</td>
<td>-70</td>
<td>-1,057</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Investment</strong></td>
<td>200</td>
<td>489</td>
<td>199</td>
<td>67</td>
<td>881</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Other long-term capital</strong></td>
<td>-638</td>
<td>-2,307</td>
<td>-1,440</td>
<td>-3,616</td>
<td>-3,492</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Short-term capital</strong></td>
<td>-912</td>
<td>-1,920</td>
<td>-91</td>
<td>1,167</td>
<td>1,273</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Capital account balance</strong></td>
<td>-1,350</td>
<td>-3,738</td>
<td>-1,332</td>
<td>-2,382</td>
<td>-1,358</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Errors and omissions</strong></td>
<td>271</td>
<td>-138</td>
<td>-191</td>
<td>-311</td>
<td>-63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Counterpart items</strong></td>
<td>-9</td>
<td>-445</td>
<td>-40</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>-58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Foreign authorities reserves</strong></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1,829</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Exceptional financing</strong></td>
<td>1,446</td>
<td>1,753</td>
<td>612</td>
<td>4,641</td>
<td>4,503</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Change in reserves</strong></td>
<td>-471</td>
<td>-55</td>
<td>578</td>
<td>-104</td>
<td>514</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 f.o.b.—free on board.
2 As published.

Table 11. Production of Major Agricultural Commodities, 1985–88  
(in thousands of tons unless otherwise indicated)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Food crops</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beans</td>
<td>611</td>
<td>732</td>
<td>688</td>
<td>690</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cassava</td>
<td>1,378</td>
<td>1,546</td>
<td>1,486</td>
<td>1,587</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corn</td>
<td>1,190</td>
<td>1,336</td>
<td>1,202</td>
<td>1,370</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melons</td>
<td>147</td>
<td>153</td>
<td>145</td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Millet</td>
<td>3,684</td>
<td>4,111</td>
<td>3,905</td>
<td>4,170</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plantains</td>
<td>1,113</td>
<td>1,127</td>
<td>1,071</td>
<td>1,549</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rice</td>
<td>196</td>
<td>283</td>
<td>297</td>
<td>307</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sorghum</td>
<td>4,991</td>
<td>5,455</td>
<td>5,182</td>
<td>5,534</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total food crops</td>
<td>18,048</td>
<td>19,952</td>
<td>18,862</td>
<td>20,399</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commercial crops</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cocoa</td>
<td>110</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>105</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coconuts</td>
<td>102</td>
<td>104</td>
<td>105</td>
<td>108</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cottonseed</td>
<td>46</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Palm kernels</td>
<td>360</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>353</td>
<td>545</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Palm wine *</td>
<td>4,882</td>
<td>4,940</td>
<td>4,951</td>
<td>4,986</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peanuts</td>
<td>621</td>
<td>640</td>
<td>657</td>
<td>706</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rubber</td>
<td>58</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sesame</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shea nuts</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>103</td>
<td>104</td>
<td>109</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soybeans</td>
<td>114</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>107</td>
<td>121</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sugarcane</td>
<td>862</td>
<td>897</td>
<td>852</td>
<td>888</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total commercial crops</td>
<td>7,290</td>
<td>7,359</td>
<td>7,351</td>
<td>7,818</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>25,338</td>
<td>27,311</td>
<td>26,213</td>
<td>28,217</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* In thousands of liters.

### Table 12. Major Imports, 1985-88
(in millions of naira) *

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Food and live animals</td>
<td>1,200</td>
<td>802</td>
<td>1,874</td>
<td>1,948</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beverages and tobacco</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>86</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Animal and vegetable fats and oils</td>
<td>71</td>
<td>125</td>
<td>66</td>
<td>83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crude materials (inedible)</td>
<td>350</td>
<td>194</td>
<td>800</td>
<td>667</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mineral fuels</td>
<td>61</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>77</td>
<td>255</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemicals</td>
<td>1,108</td>
<td>1,039</td>
<td>3,017</td>
<td>4,838</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manufactured goods</td>
<td>1,612</td>
<td>1,237</td>
<td>4,485</td>
<td>5,650</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Machinery and transportation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>equipment</td>
<td>2,414</td>
<td>2,278</td>
<td>6,828</td>
<td>10,282</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>238</td>
<td>253</td>
<td>684</td>
<td>1,091</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>7,063</strong></td>
<td><strong>5,984</strong></td>
<td><strong>17,862</strong></td>
<td><strong>24,900</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* For value of the naira—see Glossary.


### Table 13. Major Exports, 1984-88
(in millions of naira) ^1^

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cocoa beans</td>
<td>183</td>
<td>182</td>
<td>371</td>
<td>1,498</td>
<td>2,627</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cocoa products</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>54</td>
<td>62</td>
<td>86</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Palm kernels and products</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>103</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Petroleum</td>
<td>8,841</td>
<td>11,224</td>
<td>8,368</td>
<td>28,209</td>
<td>29,293</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rubber</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>61</td>
<td>290</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other ^3^</td>
<td>-1</td>
<td>248</td>
<td>91</td>
<td>501</td>
<td>739</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>9,088</strong></td>
<td><strong>11,721</strong></td>
<td><strong>8,921</strong></td>
<td><strong>30,361</strong></td>
<td><strong>33,138</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

^1^ For value of the naira—see Glossary.

^3^ Provisional.

^3^ Includes statistical discrepancy, which accounts for negative figure.

Table 14. Major Trading Partners, 1985-88
(in percentages)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Britain</th>
<th>Canada</th>
<th>France</th>
<th>Italy</th>
<th>Japan</th>
<th>Netherlands</th>
<th>Spain</th>
<th>United States</th>
<th>West Germany</th>
<th>Other</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exports</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1985</td>
<td>5.2</td>
<td>n.a.</td>
<td>10.8</td>
<td>n.a.</td>
<td>n.a.</td>
<td>4.2</td>
<td>5.4</td>
<td>19.8</td>
<td>13.7</td>
<td>40.9</td>
<td>100.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1986</td>
<td>4.9</td>
<td>2.7</td>
<td>8.4</td>
<td>n.a.</td>
<td>n.a.</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>2.9</td>
<td>26.9</td>
<td>12.6</td>
<td>41.3</td>
<td>100.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1987</td>
<td>2.6</td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>5.7</td>
<td>n.a.</td>
<td>n.a.</td>
<td>3.9</td>
<td>8.3</td>
<td>37.7</td>
<td>7.7</td>
<td>32.1</td>
<td>100.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1988</td>
<td>2.3</td>
<td>2.8</td>
<td>5.1</td>
<td>n.a.</td>
<td>n.a.</td>
<td>4.8</td>
<td>9.6</td>
<td>36.2</td>
<td>7.1</td>
<td>32.1</td>
<td>100.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Imports</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1985</td>
<td>17.3</td>
<td>n.a.</td>
<td>8.1</td>
<td>4.9</td>
<td>7.4</td>
<td>3.1</td>
<td>n.a.</td>
<td>9.6</td>
<td>9.2</td>
<td>40.4</td>
<td>100.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1986</td>
<td>17.0</td>
<td>n.a.</td>
<td>10.1</td>
<td>5.2</td>
<td>4.0</td>
<td>5.1</td>
<td>n.a.</td>
<td>8.4</td>
<td>13.7</td>
<td>36.5</td>
<td>100.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1987</td>
<td>16.4</td>
<td>n.a.</td>
<td>8.4</td>
<td>6.7</td>
<td>7.3</td>
<td>5.1</td>
<td>n.a.</td>
<td>6.2</td>
<td>11.2</td>
<td>38.7</td>
<td>100.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1988</td>
<td>14.5</td>
<td>n.a.</td>
<td>9.8</td>
<td>6.4</td>
<td>6.4</td>
<td>3.8</td>
<td>n.a.</td>
<td>7.4</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>41.0</td>
<td>100.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

n.a.—not available.

### Table 15. Crude Petroleum Production, Selected Years, 1967–89
(in millions of barrels per day)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
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<tr>
<td>1967</td>
<td>..........</td>
<td>1979</td>
<td>..........</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1975</td>
<td>..........</td>
<td>1987</td>
<td>..........</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


### Table 16. Revised Transition Timetable, 1987–92
(as of December 1990)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Quarter</th>
<th>Event</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fourth quarter</td>
<td>Elections to local governments on non-party basis.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1989</td>
<td>Second quarter, Third quarter</td>
<td>Lift of ban on party politics. Announcement of two recognized and registered political parties.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fourth quarter</td>
<td>Election of local governments on political party basis.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1990</td>
<td>First and second quarter, Third quarter</td>
<td>Election of state legislatures and state executives. Convening of state legislatures.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fourth quarter</td>
<td>Swearing in of state executives. Census.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1991</td>
<td>First, second, and third quarters</td>
<td>Local government elections.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fourth quarter</td>
<td>Elections of federal legislature and convening of National Assembly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1992</td>
<td>First and second quarters, Third and fourth quarters</td>
<td>Presidential elections. Swearing in of new president and final withdrawal by the armed forces.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type and Description</td>
<td>Country of Origin</td>
<td>Inventory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------</td>
<td>-------------------</td>
<td>-----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tanks</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T-55 main battle tanks</td>
<td>Soviet Union</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vickers Mk 3 main battle tanks</td>
<td>Britain</td>
<td>97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scorpion light tanks</td>
<td>-do-</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scimitar light tanks</td>
<td>-do-</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Armored vehicles</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Saladin Mk 2 reconnaissance</td>
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<td>20</td>
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<tr>
<td>AML-60 reconnaissance</td>
<td>France</td>
<td>120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AML-90 reconnaissance</td>
<td>-do-</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ferret reconnaissance</td>
<td>Britain</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fox reconnaissance</td>
<td>-do-</td>
<td>55</td>
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<tr>
<td>VBL M-11 reconnaissance</td>
<td>France</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steyr 4K-7FA armored personnel carriers</td>
<td>Austria</td>
<td>300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Saracen armored personnel carriers</td>
<td>Britain</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Panhard M3 armored personnel carriers</td>
<td>France</td>
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<tr>
<td>ERC-90 Lynx armored cars</td>
<td>-do-</td>
<td>40</td>
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<tr>
<td>ERC-90 Sagaie armored cars</td>
<td>-do-</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>EE-9 Cascavel armored cars</td>
<td>Brazil</td>
<td>100 (on order)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Artillery</strong></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>M1942 76mm guns</td>
<td>n.a.</td>
<td>n.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M-56 105mm guns</td>
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<td>200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D-30/-74 122mm guns, howitzers</td>
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<td>200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M46 130mm howitzers</td>
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<td>n.a.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bofors FH-77B 155mm howitzers</td>
<td>Sweden</td>
<td>24</td>
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<tr>
<td>Palmaria 155mm self-propelled howitzers</td>
<td>Italy</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81mm mortars</td>
<td>n.a.</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BM-21 122mm rocket launchers</td>
<td>Soviet Union</td>
<td>n.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Antitank weapons</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carl Gustav 84mm</td>
<td>Sweden</td>
<td>n.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M-40A1 106mm</td>
<td>n.a.</td>
<td>n.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Air defense weapons</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ZPU 14.5mm</td>
<td>Soviet Union</td>
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<tr>
<td>20mm</td>
<td>n.a.</td>
<td>60</td>
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<tr>
<td>ZU-23 23mm</td>
<td>Soviet Union</td>
<td>n.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ZSU-23-4 23mm self-propelled</td>
<td>-do-</td>
<td>30</td>
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<tr>
<td>L/60 40mm</td>
<td>n.a.</td>
<td>n.a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Roland missile launchers</td>
<td>France</td>
<td>16</td>
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<tr>
<td>Blowpipe man-portable missiles</td>
<td>Britain</td>
<td>48</td>
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n.a.—not available.

### Table 18. Major Navy Equipment, 1990

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type and Description</th>
<th>Country of Origin</th>
<th>Inventory</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Frigates</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meko-360H with 1 Westland Lynx</td>
<td>West Germany</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mk 89 MR/SR helicopter and 8 Otomat surface-to-surface missile (SSM) launchers</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Training vessel with helicopter deck</td>
<td>Netherlands</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Missile craft</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lürssen-57 patrol frigates with 4 Otomat SSMs</td>
<td>West Germany</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Combattante IIIIB with 4 Exocet MM-38 SSMs</td>
<td>France</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Corvettes</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vosper Mk 9 with Seacat triple surface-to-air missiles (SAMs)</td>
<td>Britain</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vosper Mk 3</td>
<td>-do-</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Large patrol craft</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brooke Marine</td>
<td>-do-</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abeking and Rasmussen</td>
<td>West Germany</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Coastal patrol craft</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intermarine</td>
<td>Italy</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Simoneau</td>
<td>France</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Danen</td>
<td>Netherlands</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Van Mill</td>
<td>-do-</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Watercraft</td>
<td>Britain</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Swiftships</td>
<td>United States</td>
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<tr>
<td>Rotork Sea Truck</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Minesweepers</strong></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intermarine Lericiclass</td>
<td>Italy</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Amphibious</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FDR type Ro-Ro-1300 tank landing ships</td>
<td>West Germany</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Support ships</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bulldog-class survey ship</td>
<td>Britain</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Van Lent training ship</td>
<td>Netherlands</td>
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<tr>
<td>Tugs (1 firefighter)</td>
<td>West Germany/n.a.</td>
<td>8</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Launchers</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Westland Lynx Mk 89 MR/SR helicopters</td>
<td>Britain/ France</td>
<td>3</td>
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</table>

n.a.—not available.

### Table 19. Major Air Force Equipment, 1990

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type and Description</th>
<th>Country of Origin</th>
<th>Inventory</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fighters</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Alpha Jet light attack/trainer</td>
<td>West Germany</td>
<td>21</td>
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<tr>
<td>MiG-21 MF Fishbed</td>
<td>Soviet Union</td>
<td>6</td>
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<tr>
<td>MiG-21 MF (being modernized)</td>
<td>-do-</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MiG-21 UTI Mongol</td>
<td>-do-</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jaguar deck</td>
<td>Britain</td>
<td>15</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Trainers</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>L-39</td>
<td>Czechoslovakia</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MB-339AN</td>
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<tr>
<td>MiG-21 UTI</td>
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<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bulldog</td>
<td>Britain</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Transports</strong></td>
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<td>C-130H</td>
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<td>6</td>
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<td>C-130H-30</td>
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<tr>
<td>Do-228 VIP</td>
<td>West Germany</td>
<td>3(?)</td>
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<tr>
<td>F-28</td>
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<tr>
<td>G-222</td>
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<tr>
<td>Do-28D transport/liaison</td>
<td>West Germany</td>
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<td>Do-128-6 transport/liaison</td>
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<td>Gulfstream II VIP</td>
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<tr>
<td>Boeing 727-30 VIP</td>
<td>-do-</td>
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<tr>
<td>Piper PA-31 Navajo</td>
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<tr>
<td>BAe 125-700</td>
<td>Britain</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Maritime patrol/search and rescue</strong></td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>F-27</td>
<td>Netherlands</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Helicopters</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Bo-105D attack</td>
<td>West Germany</td>
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<td>Bo-105D maritime reconnaissance/search and rescue</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bo-105C/D transport</td>
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<tr>
<td>SA-316B Alouette III</td>
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<tr>
<td>SA-3300 Puma transport</td>
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<tr>
<td>AS-332M Super Puma transport</td>
<td>-do-</td>
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<tr>
<td>CH-47 Chinook</td>
<td>United States</td>
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<td>Hughes 300 training</td>
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<td>Supplier</td>
<td>1978–82</td>
<td>1983–87</td>
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<td>-----------------</td>
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<tr>
<td>Britain</td>
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<td>Bulgaria</td>
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<td>Italy</td>
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<td>Soviet Union</td>
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<td>West Germany</td>
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<tr>
<td>Other</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>845</strong></td>
<td><strong>1,515</strong></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Chapter 1


Chapter 2


Nigeria: A Country Study


Nigeria: A Country Study


**Chapter 3**


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Nigeria: A Country Study

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(Various issues of the following periodicals were also used in the preparation of this chapter: African Business [London]; Africa Report; Africa Research Bulletin [Exeter, United Kingdom]; Economist [London]; Financial Times [London]; Nigeria, Office of Statistics, Digest of Statistics [Lagos] and West Africa [London].)
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Nigeria: A Country Study


Nigeria: A Country Study


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(Various issues of the following publications were also used in the preparation of this chapter: Africa Confidential [London]; African Defence/Afrique Défense [Paris]; Africa Research Bulletin [Exeter, United Kingdom]; Defense and Foreign Affairs Weekly; Jane's Defence Weekly [Coulson, Surrey, United Kingdom]; and International Defence Review [Coulson, Surrey, United Kingdom].)
Glossary

fiscal year (FY)—An annual period established for accounting purposes. Through FY 1979–80 the Nigerian government’s fiscal year ran from April 1 to the following March 31. The latter fiscal year was succeeded by a nine-month FY 1980 that ended December 31, 1980. From January 1, 1981, the fiscal year was made coterminous with the calendar year.

GDP (gross domestic product)—A value measure of the flow of domestic goods and services produced by an economy over a period of time, such as a year. Only output values of goods for final consumption and for intermediate production are assumed to be included in final prices. GDP is sometimes aggregated and shown at market prices, meaning that indirect taxes and subsidies are included; when these have been eliminated, the result is GDP at factor cost. The word gross indicates that deductions for depreciation of physical assets have not been made.

GNP (gross national product)—GDP (q.v.) plus the net income or loss stemming from transactions with foreign countries. GNP is the broadest measurement of the output of goods and services by an economy. It can be calculated at market prices, which include indirect taxes and subsidies. Because indirect taxes and subsidies are only transfer payments, GNP is often calculated at a factor cost, removing indirect taxes and subsidies.

International Monetary Fund (IMF)—Established along with the World Bank (q.v.) in 1945, the IMF is a specialized agency affiliated with the United Nations and is responsible for stabilizing international exchange rates and payments. The main business of the IMF is the provision of loans to its members (including industrialized and developing countries) when they experience balance of payments difficulties. These loans frequently carry conditions that require substantial internal economic adjustments by the recipients, most of which are developing countries.

Lomé Convention—A series of agreements between the European Economic Community (EEC) and a group of African, Caribbean, and Pacific (ACP) states, mainly former European colonies, that provide duty-free or preferential access to the EEC market for almost all ACP exports. The Stabilization of Export Earnings (Stabex) scheme, a mechanism set up by the Lomé Convention, provides for compensation for ACP exports lost
through fluctuations in the world prices of agricultural commodities. The Lomé Convention also provides for limited EEC development aid and investment funds to be disbursed to ACP recipients through the European Development Fund and the European Investment Bank. The Lomé Convention is updated about every five years. Lomé I took effect on April 1, 1976; Lomé II, on January 1, 1981; Lomé III, on March 1, 1985; and Lomé IV, on December 15, 1989.

middle belt—Traditionally an ethnic and political zone stretching from east to west across the central section of Nigeria and inhabited by many minor ethnic groups who had been unable to obtain significant political influence because of long-term dominance by the Hausa-Fulani and Kanuri emirates. As used by economists and geographers, the term does not always coincide with ethnic and political divisions but usually designates the area between the characteristic northern and southern economies; in this context the area extends roughly from 7°30'N to 11°N. Since the civil war of 1967–70 and the replacement of the former administrative regions by states, use of the term has diminished among Nigerians who wish to downplay the regional connotation formerly attached to it.

naira (N)—Nigeria’s basic currency unit. It is subdivided into 100 kobo (k). The naira was introduced on January 1, 1973, replacing the Nigerian pound (q.v.) at the rate of two naira for one pound. At that time N1 equaled US$1.52. The naira subsequently lost value against the dollar; average exchange rate in 1990: N8.04 per US$1.00.

Nigerian pound (N£)—Basic currency unit until January 1, 1973, when it was replaced by the naira (q.v.). N£1 was valued at US$2.80 until December 1971; thereafter N£1 equaled US$3.04.

Paris Club—The informal name for a consortium of Western creditor countries that have made loans or have guaranteed export credits to developing nations and that meet in Paris to discuss borrowers’ ability to repay debts. The organization has no formal or institutional existence and no fixed membership. Its secretariat is run by the French treasury, and it has a close relationship with the World Bank (q.v.), the International Monetary Fund (q.v.), and the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD).

Sahel—A narrow band of land bordering the southern Sahara, stretching across Africa, and including northern Nigeria. It is characterized by an average annual rainfall of between 150 and 500 millimeters and is mainly suited to pastoralism.
Special Drawing Right(s) (SDR)—A monetary unit of the International Monetary Fund (IMF) (q.v.) based on a basket of international currencies consisting of the United States dollar, the German deutsche mark, the Japanese yen, the British pound sterling, and the French franc.

Sudan—Geographical region (northern reaches now more commonly referred to as the Sahel) stretching across Africa from Cape Verde on the Atlantic Coast to the Red Sea between 8° and 16° north latitude, just south of the Sahara Desert, characterized by savanna and semiarid steppe. Term derived from Arabic bilad as sudan (literally "land of the blacks"). Not to be confused with Sudan, the country.

World Bank—Informal name used to designate a group of three affiliated international institutions: the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD), the International Development Association (IDA), and the International Finance Corporation (IFC). The IBRD, established in 1945, has the primary purpose of providing loans to developing countries for productive projects. The IDA, a legally separate loan fund but administered by the staff of the IBRD, was set up in 1960 to furnish credits to the poorest developing countries on much easier terms than those of conventional IBRD loans. The IFC, founded in 1956, supplements the activities of the IBRD through loans and assistance specifically designed to encourage the growth of productive private enterprises in the less developed countries. The president and certain senior officers of the IBRD hold the same positions in the IFC. The three institutions are owned by the governments of the countries that subscribe their capital. To participate in the World Bank group, member states must first belong to the International Monetary Fund (IMF—q.v.).
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